# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Harris County, Texas

**Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements** 

May 31, 2024

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Harris County, Texas

## **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 (the District), as of and for the year ended May 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of May 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and,

therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison schedule, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedules required by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the

responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Houston, Texas October 10, 2024

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to financial statements. This report also contains supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and by the District's state oversight agency, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission).

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of drainage services. Other activities, such as the provision of recreation facilities, are minor activities and are not budgeted or accounted for as separate programs. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented on the left side of the statements, a column for adjustments is to the right of the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are presented to the right side of the adjustments column. The following sections describe the measurement focus of the two types of statements and the significant differences in the information they provide.

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The focus of government-wide financial statements is on the overall financial position and activities of the District. The District's government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and statement of activities, which are prepared using accounting principles that are similar to commercial enterprises. The purpose of the statement of net position is to attempt to report all of the assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources of the District. The District reports all of its assets when it acquires or begins to maintain the assets and reports all of its liabilities when they are incurred.

The difference between the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled as net position and this difference is similar to the total stockholders' equity presented by a commercial enterprise.

The purpose of the statement of activities is to present the revenues and expenses of the District. Again, the items presented on the statement of activities are measured in a manner similar to the approach used by a commercial enterprise in that revenues are recognized when earned or established criteria are satisfied and expenses are reported when incurred by the District. All changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues are reported even when they may not be collected for several months or years after the end of the accounting period and expenses are recorded even though they may not have used cash during the current year.

Although the statement of activities looks different from a commercial enterprise's statement of income, the financial statement is different only in format, not substance. Whereas the bottom line in a commercial enterprise is its net income, the District reports an amount described as change in net position, essentially the same thing.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Unlike government-wide financial statements, the focus of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District rather than the District as a whole. Except for the general fund, a specific fund is established to satisfy managerial control over resources or to satisfy finance-related legal requirements established by external parties or governmental statutes or regulations.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental-fund financial statements consist of a balance sheet and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances and are prepared on an accounting basis that is significantly different from that used to prepare the government-wide financial statements.

In general, these financial statements have a short-term emphasis and, for the most part, measure and account for cash and other assets that can easily be converted into cash. For example, amounts reported on the balance sheet include items such as cash and receivables collectible within a very short period of time, but do not include capital assets such as land and drainage systems. Fund liabilities include amounts that are to be paid within a very short period after the end of the fiscal year. The difference between a fund's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources is labeled the fund balance and generally indicates the amount that can be used to finance the next fiscal year's activities. Likewise, the operating statement for governmental funds reports only those revenues and expenditures that were collected in cash or paid with cash, respectively, during the current period or very shortly after the end of the fiscal year.

Because the focus of the government-wide and fund financial statements is different, there are significant differences between the totals presented in these financial statements. For this reason, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that describes the adjustments to fund balances to arrive at net position presented in the governmental activities column on the statement of net position. Also, there is an analysis in the notes to financial statements that reconciles the total change in fund balances for all governmental funds to the change in net position, as reported in the governmental activities column in the statement of activities.

#### Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data found in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

### Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

The District's overall financial position and activities for the past two years are summarized as follows, based on the information included in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Summary of Net Position**

	2024	2023
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 9,115,957 37,543,115	\$ 7,714,099 25,290,945
Total assets	\$ 46,659,072	\$ 33,005,044
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	\$ 57,928,152 829,053	\$ 45,151,525 1,140,060
Total liabilities	58,757,205	46,291,585
Net position:  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted  Unrestricted	(5,665,782) 4,107,425 (10,539,776)	(4,535,282) 2,565,387 (11,316,646)
Total net position	\$ (12,098,133)	\$ (13,286,541)

The total net position of the District increased by \$1,188,408, or about 9%. The majority of the increase in net position is related to property tax revenues intended to pay principal on the District's bonded indebtedness, which is shown as long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

## **Summary of Changes in Net Position**

	2024	2023
Revenues:		
Property taxes	\$ 5,278,138	\$ 3,661,100
Sale of capacity	117,900	-
Other revenues	440,334	230,790
Total revenues	5,836,372	3,891,890
Expenses:		
Services	1,185,344	1,163,576
Conveyance of capital assets	-	9,393,882
Depreciation	948,448	334,452
Debt service	2,514,172	1,823,705
Total expenses	4,647,964	12,715,615
Change in net position	1,188,408	(8,823,725)
Net position, beginning of year	(13,286,541)	(4,462,816)
Net position, end of year	\$ (12,098,133)	\$ (13,286,541)

# Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The District's combined fund balances as of the end of fiscal year ended May 31, 2024, were \$8,714,618, an increase of \$1,963,169 from the prior year.

The general fund's fund balance increased by \$802,758, primarily due to property tax revenues and developer advances exceeding service expenditures.

The debt service fund's fund balance increased by \$1,822,293, primarily due to property tax revenues and investment income and proceeds received from the sale of the Series 2023 Park bonds exceeding principal and interest expenditures on bonds.

The capital projects fund's fund balance decreased by \$661,882. This net decrease was primarily due to capital outlay expenditures and the repayment of developer advances and debt issuance costs exceeding the net proceeds received from the sale of the Series 2023 Park bonds.

# General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were several differences between the final budgetary amounts and actual amounts. The major differences between budget and actual were due to property tax revenues and capital outlay expenditures being greater than expected. In addition, developer construction advances received were not included in the budget. The fund balance as of May 31, 2024, was expected to be \$2,096,542 and the actual end-of-year fund balance was \$2,482,744.

# Capital Assets and Related Debt

# Capital Assets

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Capital assets held by the District at the end of the current and previous fiscal years are summarized below:

## **Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)**

	2024	2023
Land and improvements Construction in progress Recreational facilities	\$ 12,912,873 7,363,447 17,266,795	\$ 12,912,873 6,263,247 6,114,825
Total capital assets	\$ 37,543,115	\$ 25,290,945
During the current year, additions to capital assets were as follows:		
Construction in progress related to Phase 2B-2, the Langham Creek excavation project: landscaping at Parkland Village, Sections 9, 10, and 49 Landscape improvements at Parkland Village Bow Tie Lake	\$ 1,100,200	
Edge, Pipeline Phase 2, Sections 9, 10, 21-29, 32, 37, 40-43, 45, 48, 49-51, 53 and 54.  Landscape and park improvements at Parkland Village,	5,486,825	
Sections 19, 33, 34, 41, 42; perimeter landscape at Parkland Village, Section 29  Landscape improvements at Bridgeland Elementary School No. 3; Bridgeland Copper Breaks Crossing street dedication;	1,286,244	
Hidden Creek Fry Road median; Mason Road, Phase 2 medians; and West Road right of way  Landscape improvements at Bridgeland Parkland Village Summer Camp Drive; Parkland Village pipeline and neighborhood park; Summit Point Crossing Reserve; and Bridgeland	687,117	
Westgreen Medians  Landscape at Tuckerton; Tuckerton Phase 1 and Westgreen, Phase 4 medians; Tuckerton Phases 2, 3, and 4 medians; Tuckerton Road street dedication; Summer Camp Drive; Bridgeland Tuckerton Road and Copper Breaks Crossing street dedication; Bridgeland Westgreen Boulevard,	1,043,644	
Sections 5 and 6 Recreational and landscape improvements at Irrigation Pump	2,368,178	
Station No. 7 Wheelchair ramp at Westgreen at Parkland right of way	1,220,490 7,920	
Total additions to capital assets	\$ 13,200,618	

The developer of the District has constructed detention, drainage and recreational facilities on behalf of the District, or advanced funds to the District for construction, under the terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to purchase these facilities and repay advances from the proceeds of future bond issues subject to the approval of the Commission. As of May 31, 2024, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$3,712,866 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Management's Discussion and Analysis May 31, 2024

(Continued)

#### Debt

The changes in the debt position of the District during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2024, are summarized as follows:

Long-term debt payable, beginning of year	\$ 45,151,525
Increases in long-term debt	15,119,601
Decreases in long-term debt	(2,342,974)
Long-term debt payable, end of year	\$ 57,928,152

At May 31, 2024, the District had \$175,395,000 of unlimited tax bonds authorized, but unissued, for the purposes of acquiring, constructing and improving the drainage system within the District, \$111,470,000 for financing and constructing recreational facilities, and \$344,000,000 for refunding such bonds.

The District's bonds carry an underlying rating of "A3" from Moody's Investor Services (Moody's). The Series 2019, Series 2022, Series 2022A, and Series 2023 Park bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Build America Mutual Assurance Company. The Series 2020, Series 2021 and Series 2021A Park bonds carry a "AA" rating from Standard & Poor's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty, Inc. The Series 2021 and Series 2021A Park bonds also carry an "A1" rating from Moody's by virtue of bond insurance issued by Assured Guaranty, Inc.

#### Other Relevant Factors

### Relationship to the City of Houston

Under existing Texas law, since the District lies wholly within the extraterritorial jurisdiction of the City of Houston (the City), the District must conform to the City ordinance consenting to the creation of the District. In addition, the District may be annexed by the City without the District's consent. Effective December 1, 2017, prior to annexation, the City would be required to hold an election in the District whereby the qualified voters in the District would approve the annexation. If the District is annexed, the City must assume the District's assets and obligations (including the bond indebtedness) and abolish the District within 90 days.

#### **Contingencies**

A developer of the District is constructing facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds from future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission. The District's engineer has stated that current construction amounts are approximately \$6,998,200. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

#### Subsequent Events

On September 16, 2024, the District awarded the sale of its \$3,920,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024, at a net effective interest rate of approximately 3.98%. The bonds were sold to reimburse the District's developer for facilities constructed within the boundaries of the District.

Also on September 16, 2024, the District awarded the sale of its \$3,855,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2024A, at a net effective interest rate of approximately 3.99%. The bonds were sold to reimburse the District's developer for recreational facilities constructed within the boundaries of the District.

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet May 31, 2024

	 General Fund	Debt Service Fund	 Capital Projects Fund	Total	A	djustments	 Statement of Net Position
Assets							
Cash	\$ 84,011	\$ 159,170	\$ 295	\$ 243,476	\$	-	\$ 243,476
Short-term investments	2,653,884	4,428,438	1,706,475	8,788,797		-	8,788,797
Property taxes receivable	21,932	50,252	-	72,184		-	72,184
Interfund receivable	62,017	-	-	62,017		(62,017)	-
Due from others	11,500	-	-	11,500		-	11,500
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):							
Land and improvements	-	-	-	-		12,912,873	12,912,873
Construction in progress	-	-	-	-		7,363,447	7,363,447
Recreational facilities	 	 		 	_	17,266,795	 17,266,795
Total assets	\$ 2,833,344	\$ 4,637,860	\$ 1,706,770	\$ 9,177,974	\$	37,481,098	\$ 46,659,072

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Statement of Net Position and Governmental Funds Balance Sheet May 31, 2024

(Continued)

Liabilities		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total	Adjustments	Statemer of Net djustments Position		
Accounts payable	\$	199,015	\$		\$	487	\$	199,502	\$ -	\$	199,502	
Accounts payable Accrued interest payable	Φ	199,015	Φ	-	Φ	407	Φ	199,502	φ - 499.898	Φ	499,898	
Due to others		129,653		_		_		129,653	499,090		129,653	
Interfund payable		129,000		62,017		_		62,017	(62,017)		129,000	
Long-term liabilities:		_		02,017		_		02,017	(02,017)		_	
Due within one year		_		_		_		_	1,470,000		1,470,000	
Due after one year		_		_		_		_	56,458,152		56,458,152	
Due arter one year									30,430,132		30,430,132	
Total liabilities		328,668		62,017		487		391,172	58,366,033		58,757,205	
Deferred Inflows of Resources												
Deferred property tax revenues		21,932		50,252				72,184	(72,184)			
Fund Balances/Net Position Fund balances: Restricted:												
Unlimited tax bonds		-		4,525,591		-		4,525,591	(4,525,591)		-	
Drainage		-		-		923,286		923,286	(923,286)		-	
Parks		-		-		782,997		782,997	(782,997)		-	
Assigned, operating reserve		10,000		-		-		10,000	(10,000)		-	
Unassigned		2,472,744		-	_			2,472,744	(2,472,744)			
Total fund balances		2,482,744		4,525,591		1,706,283		8,714,618	(8,714,618)			
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$	2,833,344	\$	4,637,860	\$	1,706,770	\$	9,177,974				
Net position:  Net investment in capital assets Restricted for debt service Restricted for capital projects Unrestricted									(5,665,782) 3,909,278 198,147 (10,539,776)		(5,665,782) 3,909,278 198,147 (10,539,776)	
Total net position									\$ (12,098,133)	\$	(12,098,133)	

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Statement of Activities and Governmental Fund Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended May 31, 2024

		General Fund		Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Total	Ad	justments	Statement of Activities
Revenues										
Property taxes	\$	1,544,707	\$	3,787,870	\$	-	\$ 5,332,577	\$	(54,439)	\$ 5,278,138
Penalty and interest		-		43,571		-	43,571		(17,909)	25,662
Sale of capacity		117,900		-		-	117,900		-	117,900
Investment income		93,165		133,166		110,923	337,254		-	337,254
Other income		26,636		50,782	_		 77,418			 77,418
Total revenues		1,782,408		4,015,389	_	110,923	 5,908,720		(72,348)	 5,836,372
Expenditures/Expenses										
Service operations:										
Purchased services		9,669		-		-	9,669		-	9,669
Regional water fee		34,751		-		-	34,751		-	34,751
Professional fees		214,395		12,138		-	226,533		17,113	243,646
Contracted services		74,949		65,865		-	140,814		1,115	141,929
Utilities		19,383		-		-	19,383		-	19,383
Repairs and maintenance		608,039		-		-	608,039		-	608,039
Other expenditures		77,629		18,078		95	95,802		-	95,802
Tap connections		32,125		-		-	32,125		-	32,125
Capital outlay		94,769		-		13,159,295	13,254,064	(	13,254,064)	-
Depreciation		-		-		-	-		948,448	948,448
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		995,000		-	995,000		(995,000)	-
Interest and fees		-		1,477,015		-	1,477,015		205,148	1,682,163
Debt issuance costs		45,000	_	-		787,009	 832,009			 832,009
Total expenditures/expenses	_	1,210,709		2,568,096	_	13,946,399	 17,725,204	(	13,077,240)	 4,647,964
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		571,699		1,447,293		(13,835,476)	 (11,816,484)		13,004,892	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Interfund transfers in (out)		50,524		-		(50,524)	-		-	
General obligation bonds issued		-		375,000		14,640,000	15,015,000	(	15,015,000)	
Discount on debt issued		-		-		(184,607)	(184,607)		184,607	
Repayment of developer advances		-		-		(1,231,275)	(1,231,275)		1,231,275	
Developer construction advances		180,535		-	_	-	 180,535		(180,535)	
Total other financing sources		231,059		375,000		13,173,594	 13,779,653	(	13,779,653)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses		802,758		1,822,293		(661,882)	1,963,169		(1,963,169)	
Change in Net Position		, , , , , ,		,- ,		( ,)	,,		1,188,408	1,188,408
_									.,,	.,,
Fund Balances/Net Position Beginning of year		1,679,986		2,703,298		2,368,165	 6,751,449		<u>-</u>	 (13,286,541)
End of year	\$	2,482,744	\$	4,525,591	\$	1,706,283	\$ 8,714,618	\$		\$ (12,098,133)

# Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 (the District) was created by an order of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (the Commission), effective August 16, 2007, in accordance with the Texas Water Code, Chapter 51. The District operates in accordance with Chapters 49 and 51 of the Texas Water Code and Article XVI, Section 59, of the Constitution of the State of Texas and is subject to the continuing supervision of the Commission. The principal functions of the District are to finance, construct, own and operate drainage and recreational facilities and to provide such facilities and services to the customers of the District.

The District is governed by a Board of Directors (the Board) consisting of five individuals who are residents or owners of property within the District and are elected by voters within the District. The Board sets the policies of the District. The accounting and reporting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments, as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The following is a summary of the significant accounting and reporting policies of the District:

# Reporting Entity

The accompanying government-wide financial statements present the financial statements of the District. There are no component units that are legally separate entities for which the District is considered to be financially accountable. Accountability is defined as the District's substantive appointment of the voting majority of the component unit's governing board. Furthermore, to be financially accountable, the District must be able to impose its will upon the component unit or there must be a possibility that the component unit may provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the District.

#### Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In accordance with required reporting standards, the District reports its financial activities as a special-purpose government. Special-purpose governments are governmental entities which engage in a single governmental program, such as the provision of drainage and other related services. The financial statements of special-purpose governments combine two types of financial statements into one statement. These two types of financial statements are the government-wide financial statements and the fund financial statements. The fund financial statements are presented with a column for adjustments to convert to the government-wide financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements report information on all of the activities of the District. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, charges for services and intergovernmental revenues. The statement of activities reflects the revenues and expenses of the District.

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's governmental funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is directed to specific activities of the District.

The District presents the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District which accounts for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property taxes and interest income.

Debt Service Fund – The debt service fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest related costs, as well as the financial resources being accumulated for future debt service.

Capital Projects Fund – The capital projects fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay.

#### Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

The fund balances for the District's governmental funds can be displayed in up to five components:

Nonspendable – Amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by resolution of the Board. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by issuance of a resolution by the District's Board.

Assigned – Amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes as determined by management. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the amount that is not restricted or committed. This indicates that resources in other governmental funds are, at a minimum, intended to be used for the purpose of that fund.

Unassigned – The residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications.

The District considers restricted amounts to have been spent when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available. The District applies committed amounts first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of those unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

## Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

#### Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the District receives (or gives) value without directly giving (or receiving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes and donations. Recognition standards are based on the characteristics and classes of nonexchange transactions. Revenues from property taxes are recognized in the period for which the taxes are levied. Donations are recognized as revenues, net of estimated uncollectible amounts, as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Amounts received before all eligibility requirements have been met are reported as liabilities. Intergovernmental revenues are recognized as revenues, net of estimated refunds and uncollectible amounts, in the accounting period when an enforceable legal claim to the assets arises and the use of resources is required or is first permitted.

#### Fund Financial Statements

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The statement of governmental funds revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances presents increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in spendable resources. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures and proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when both measurable and available. The District considers revenues reported in the governmental

funds to be available if they are collectible within 60 days after year-end. Principal revenue sources considered susceptible to accrual include taxes, charges for services and investment income. Other revenues are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures when payment is due.

#### Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources is a consumption of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period and a deferred inflow of resources is an acquisition of net position that is applicable to a future reporting period.

#### Interfund Transactions

Transfers from one fund to another fund are reported as interfund receivables and payables if there is intent to repay the amount and if there is the ability to repay the advance on a timely basis. Transfers represent legally authorized transfers from the fund receiving resources to the fund through which the resources are to be expended.

#### **Pension Costs**

The District does not participate in a pension plan and, therefore, has no pension costs.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows and outflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Investments and Investment Income

Investments in certificates of deposit, U.S. Government and agency securities, and certain pooled funds, which have a remaining maturity of one year or less at the date of purchase, are recorded at amortized cost. All other investments are carried at fair value. Fair value is determined using quoted market values.

Investment income includes dividends and interest income and the net change for the year in the fair value of investments carried at fair value. Investment income is credited to the fund in which the investment is recorded.

# **Property Taxes**

An appraisal district annually prepares appraisal records listing all property within the District and the appraised value of each parcel or item as of January 1. Additionally, on January 1, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalty and interest ultimately imposed for the year on the property. After the District receives its certified appraisal roll from the appraisal district, the rate of taxation is set by the Board of the District based upon the aggregate appraisal value. Taxes are due and payable October 1 or when billed, whichever is later, and become delinquent after January 31 of the following year.

In the governmental funds, property taxes are initially recorded as receivables and deferred inflows of resources at the time the tax levy is billed. Revenues recognized during the fiscal year ended May 31, 2024, include collections during the current period or within 60 days of year-end related to the 2023 and prior years' tax levies.

In the government-wide statement of net position, property taxes are considered earned in the budget year for which they are levied. For the District's fiscal year ended May 31, 2024, the 2023 tax levy is considered earned during the current fiscal year. In addition to property taxes levied, any delinquent taxes are recorded net of amounts considered uncollectible.

## Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of two years or more. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives as follows:

	Years
Recreational facilities	10-30

#### **Debt Issuance Costs**

Debt issuance costs, other than prepaid insurance, do not meet the definition of an asset or deferred outflows of resources since the costs are not applicable to a future period and, therefore, are recognized as an expense/expenditure in the period incurred.

# Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Premiums and discounts on bonds are recognized as a component of long-term liabilities and amortized over the life of the related debt using the effective interest rate method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize premiums and discounts on bonds during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

# Net Position/Fund Balances

Fund balances and net position are reported as restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first.

#### Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Amounts reported for net position of governmental activities in the statement of net position and fund balances in the governmental funds balance sheet are different because of the following items.

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds.	\$ 37,543,115
Property tax revenue recognition and the related reduction of deferred inflows of resources are subject to availability of funds in the fund financial statements.	72,184
Accrued interest on long-term liabilities is not payable with current financial resources and is not reported in the funds.	(499,898)
Long-term debt obligations are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds.	(57,928,152)
Adjustment to fund balances to arrive at net position.	\$ (20,812,751)

Amounts reported for change in net position of governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from change in fund balances in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances because:

Change in fund balances.	\$ 1,963,169
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, for government-wide financial statements, the cost of capitalized assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense, if depreciable, or conveyed to another entity for maintenance. This is the amount by which capital outlay expenditures exceeded depreciation expense and noncapitalized costs in the current period.	12,287,388
Governmental funds report developer advances as other financing sources or uses as amounts are received or paid. However, for government-wide financial statements, these amounts are recorded as an increase or decrease in due to developer.	1,050,740
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	184,607
Governmental funds report proceeds from the sale of bonds because they provide current financial resources to governmental funds. Principal payments on debt are recorded as expenditures. None of these transactions, however, have any affect on net	(4.4.020.000)
position.	(14,020,000)
Revenues which have previously been reported in the statement of activities are reported as revenues for the funds.	(72,348)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

\$ (205,148)

Change in net position of governmental activities.

\$ 1,188,408

# Note 2. Deposits, Investments and Investment Income

#### **Deposits**

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's deposit policy for custodial credit risk requires compliance with the provisions of state law.

State law requires collateralization of all deposits with federal depository insurance; a surety bond; bonds and other obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies or instrumentalities of the State of Texas; or certain collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States.

At May 31, 2024, none of the District's bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### Investments

The District may legally invest in obligations of the United States or its agencies and instrumentalities, direct obligations of Texas or its agencies or instrumentalities, collateralized mortgage obligations directly issued by a federal agency or instrumentality of the United States, the underlying security for which is guaranteed by an agency or instrumentality of the United States, other obligations guaranteed as to principal and interest by the State of Texas or the United States or their agencies and instrumentalities, including obligations that are fully guaranteed or insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation or by the explicit full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of states, agencies and counties and other political subdivisions with an investment rating not less than "A," insured or collateralized certificates of deposit, and certain bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, mutual funds, commercial paper, guaranteed investment contracts and investment pools.

The District's investment policy may be more restrictive than the Public Funds Investment Act.

The District invests in Texas CLASS, an external investment pool that is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. A Board of Trustees, elected by the participants, has oversight of Texas CLASS. The District's investments may be redeemed at any time. Texas CLASS attempts to minimize its exposure to market and credit risk through the use of various strategies and credit monitoring techniques and limits its investments in any issuer to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The District's investments in Texas CLASS are reported at net asset value.

At May 31, 2024, the District had the following investments and maturities:

	Maturities in Years									
		More Than								
Туре	Fair Value	1	1-5	6-10	10					
Texas CLASS	\$ 8,788,797	\$ 8,788,797	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					

**Interest Rate Risk.** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy does not allow investments in certain mortgage-backed securities, collateralized mortgage obligations with a final maturity date in excess of 10 years and interest rate indexed collateralized mortgage obligations. The external investment pool is presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year because it is redeemable in full immediately.

**Credit Risk.** Credit risk is the risk that the issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. At May 31, 2024, the District's investments in Texas CLASS were rated "AAAm" by Standard & Poor's.

## Summary of Carrying Values

The carrying values of deposits and investments shown previously are included in the balance sheet and statement of net position at May 31, 2024, as follows:

Carrying value:		
Deposits		\$ 243,476
Investments	_	8,788,797
Total	_	\$ 9,032,273

#### Investment Income

Investment income of \$337,254 for the year ended May 31, 2024, consisted of interest income.

#### Fair Value Measurements

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of May 31, 2024:

• Pooled investments of \$8,788,797 are valued at fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

# Note 3. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended May 31, 2024, is presented below:

Governmental Activities	Balances, Beginning of Year Additions		Balances, End of Year	
Capital assets, non-depreciable: Land and improvements Construction in progress	\$ 12,912,873 6,263,247	\$ - 1,100,200	\$ 12,912,873 7,363,447	
Total capital assets, non-depreciable	19,176,120	1,100,200	20,276,320	
Capital assets, depreciable: Recreational facilities	6,665,058	12,100,418	18,765,476	
Less accumulated depreciation: Recreational facilities	(550,233)	(948,448)	(1,498,681)	
Total governmental activities, net	\$ 25,290,945	\$ 12,252,170	\$ 37,543,115	

# Note 4. Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended May 31, 2024, were as shown below:

Governmental Activities	Balances Beginning of Year		s Decreases	Balances, End of Year	Amounts Due in One Year
Bonds payable: General obligation bonds Less discounts on bonds	\$ 41,190,0 837,2	+ -,,	' '	\$ 55,210,000 994,714	\$ 1,470,000 <u>-</u>
Due to developer	40,352,7 4,798,8	, ,	,	54,215,286	1,470,000
Total governmental activities long-term liabilities	\$ 45,151,5	<u> 25 </u> \$ 15,119,	601 \$ 2,342,974	\$ 57,928,152	\$ 1,470,000

# **General Obligation Bonds**

	Series 2019	Series 2020
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2024	\$12,695,000	\$7,500,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.00%	2.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2024/2045	September 1, 2024/2046
Interest payment dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2025	September 1, 2025
	Series 2021	Park Series 2021A
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2024	\$3,910,000	\$4,500,000
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.00%	2.00% to 4.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2024/2047	September 1, 2024/2047
Interest payment dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2026	September 1, 2026

<sup>\*</sup>Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

	Series 2022	Park Series 2022A
Amounts outstanding, May 31, 2024	\$8,760,000	\$2,830,000
Interest rates	4.00% to 5.00%	4.00% to 5.00%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending	September 1, 2024/2048	September 1, 2024/2048
Interest payment dates	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Callable dates*	September 1, 2029	September 1, 2029
		Park Series 2023
Amount outstanding, May 31, 2024		\$15,015,000
Interest rates		4.000% to 6.375%
Maturity dates, serially beginning/ending		September 1, 2025/2049
Interest payment dates		March 1/ September 1
Callable date*		September 1, 2030

<sup>\*</sup>Or any date thereafter; callable at par plus accrued interest to the date of redemption.

# Annual Debt Service Requirements

The following schedule shows the annual debt service requirements to pay principal and interest on general obligation bonds outstanding at May 31, 2024:

Year	Principal Principal		Interest		Total	
2025	\$ 1,	470,000 \$	1,969,595	\$	3,439,595	
2026	2,	085,000	1,892,945		3,977,945	
2027	2,	105,000	1,802,695		3,907,695	
2028	2,	120,000	1,717,868		3,837,868	
2029	2,	140,000	1,635,218		3,775,218	
2030-2034	11,	015,000	7,019,485		18,034,485	
2035-2039	11,	680,000	5,153,338		16,833,338	
2040-2044	12,	475,000	3,096,810		15,571,810	
2045-2049	9,	515,000	958,854		10,473,854	
2050		605,000	15,125		620,125	
Total	\$ 55,	210,000 \$	25,261,933	\$	80,471,933	

The bonds are payable from the proceeds of an ad valorem tax levied upon all property within the District subject to taxation, without limitation as to rate or amount.

Bonds voted:

Drainage facilities	\$ 210,000,000
Recreational facilities	134,000,000
Refunding bonds	344,000,000
Bonds sold:	

Drainage facilities 34,605,000
Recreational facilities 22,530,000

# Due to Developer

The developer of the District has constructed detention, drainage and recreational facilities on behalf of the District, or advanced funds to the District for construction, under terms of contracts with the District. The District has agreed to purchase these facilities and repay advances from the proceeds of future bond issues subject to the approval of the Commission. As of May 31, 2024, a liability for developer-constructed capital assets of \$3,712,866 was recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

# Note 5. Significant Bond Order and Commission Requirements

- (A) The Bond Orders require that the District levy and collect an ad valorem debt service tax sufficient to pay interest and principal on bonds when due. During the year ended May 31, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem debt service tax at the rate of \$0.2900 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$3,631,251 on the taxable valuation of \$1,252,155,638 for the 2023 tax year. The principal and interest requirements to be paid from the tax revenues and available resources are \$3,302,927, of which \$833,130 has been paid and \$2,469,797 is due September 1, 2024.
- (B) In accordance with the Series 2023 Park Bond Order, a portion of the bond proceeds was deposited into the debt service fund and reserved for the payment of bond interest during the construction period. This bond interest reserve is reduced as the interest is paid. The bond interest reserve is as follows:

Bond interest reserve, beginning of year	\$ -
AdditionsInterest appropriated from bond proceeds, Series 2023	375,000
DeductionsAppropriation from bond interest paid, Series 2023	 (208,333)
Bond interest reserve, end of year	\$ 166,667

(C) During the current year, the District transferred \$50,524 from the capital projects fund to the general fund. The transfer was in accordance with the rules of the Commission.

#### Note 6. Due to Others

On April 12, 2017, the District entered into a contract with the District's developer and certain other parties to fund the phased construction of additional conveyance capacity in a portion of the Langham Creek drainage channel and additional detention capacity in a Harris County Flood Control Regional Detention Basin. Under the terms of the contract, each party advanced funds for their proportionate share of the estimated construction costs for each phase of the project.

During 2020, the District implemented the construction of Phase 2B-Contract 1 of the project. During 2021, the District implemented the construction of Phase 2B-Contract 2 of the project.

The District is capitalizing its share of the project into capital assets or conveying the assets to another governmental entity for maintenance, and the remaining escrowed funds from the other parties are reported as due to others in the statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet. The parties' respective shares of the project are as follows:

The District	40.8 %
Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 165 and certain developers	38.8
Harris County Municipal Utility District No. 437 and certain developers	20.4
	100.0 %

#### Note 7. Maintenance Taxes

At an election held November 5, 2013, voters authorized a maintenance tax not to exceed \$1.50 per \$100 of assessed valuation on all property within the District subject to taxation. During the year ended May 31, 2024, the District levied an ad valorem maintenance tax at the rate of \$0.1150 per \$100 of assessed valuation, which resulted in a tax levy of \$1,439,979 on the taxable valuation of \$1,252,155,638 for the 2023 tax year. The maintenance tax is being used by the general fund to pay expenditures of operating the District.

# Note 8. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omission; and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts in the past three fiscal years.

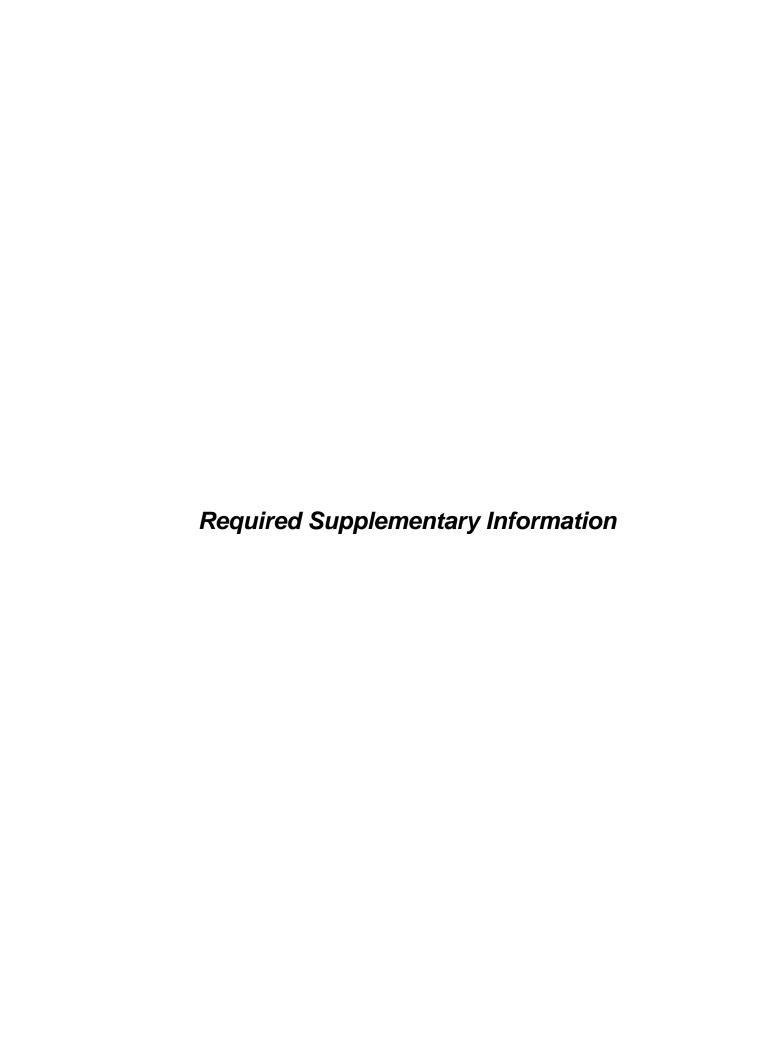
# Note 9. Contingencies

The developer of the District is constructing facilities within the boundaries of the District. The District has agreed to reimburse the developer for a portion of these costs, plus interest, from the proceeds from future bond sales, to the extent approved by the Commission. The District's engineer has stated that current construction amounts are approximately \$6,998,200. This amount has not been recorded in the financial statements since the facilities are not complete or operational.

# Note 10. Subsequent Events

On September 16, 2024, the District awarded the sale of its \$3,920,000 Unlimited Tax Bonds, Series 2024, at a net effective interest rate of approximately 3.98%. The bonds were sold to reimburse the District's developer for facilities constructed within the boundaries of the District.

Also on September 16, 2024, the District awarded the sale of its \$3,855,000 Unlimited Tax Park Bonds, Series 2024A, at a net effective interest rate of approximately 3.99%. The bonds were sold to reimburse the District's developer for recreational facilities constructed within the boundaries of the District.



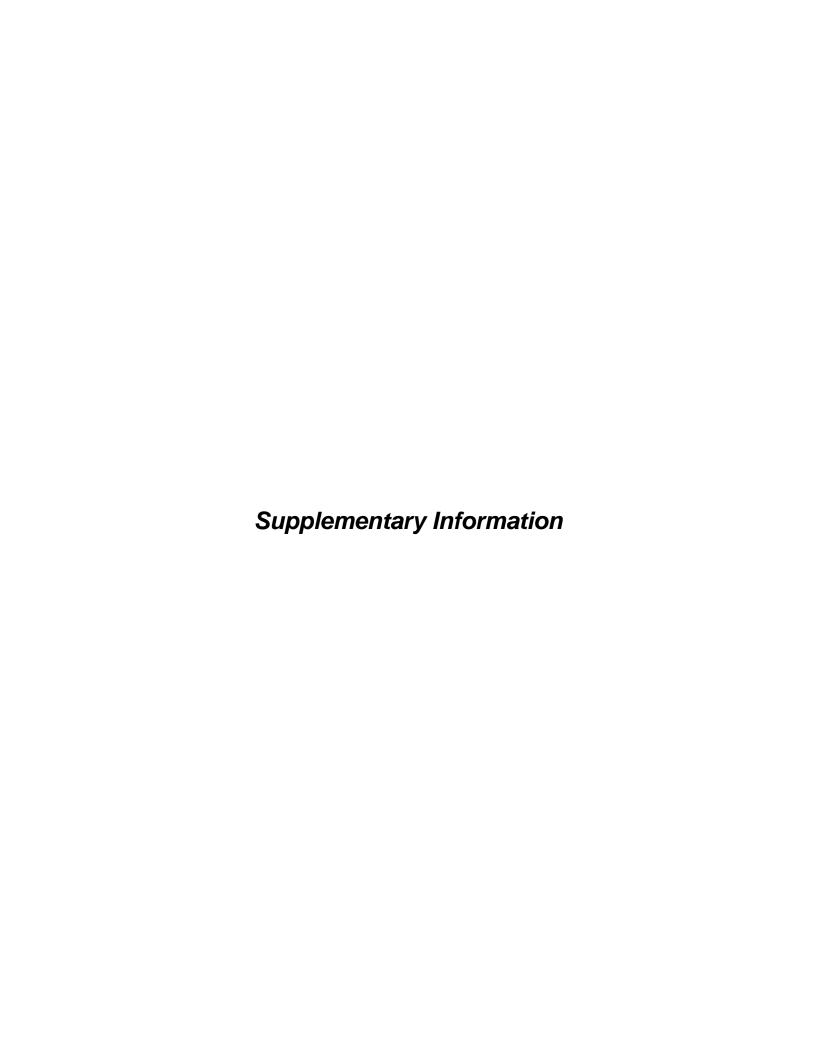
	Original Budget	Final Amended Budget	Actual	Variance Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues	Ф 4 CCE ECO	Ф 4.044.504	Φ 4 5 4 4 7 0 7	Ф 000 000
Property taxes Sale of capacity	\$ 1,665,520	\$ 1,344,504 117,900	\$ 1,544,707 117,900	\$ 200,203
Investment income	40,020	70,010	93,165	23,155
Other income	40,020	70,010	26,636	26,636
			20,000	20,000
Total revenues	1,705,540	1,532,414	1,782,408	249,994
Expenditures				
Service operations:				
Purchased services	6,800	7,400	9,669	(2,269)
Regional water fee	-	-	34,751	(34,751)
Professional fees	182,500	232,500	214,395	18,105
Contracted services	53,000	63,000	74,949	(11,949)
Utilities	8,000	35,000	19,383	15,617
Repairs and maintenance	637,200	635,402	608,039	27,363
Other expenditures	74,630	95,080	77,629	17,451
Tap connections	90,000	90,000	32,125	57,875
Capital outlay	4,000	8,000	94,769	(86,769)
Debt service, debt issuance costs			45,000	(45,000)
Total expenditures	1,056,130	1,166,382	1,210,709	(44,327)
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	649,410	366,032	571,699	205,667
			0.1,000	
Other Financing Sources				
Interfund transfers in	-	50,524	50,524	-
Developer construction advances			180,535	180,535
Total other financing sources		50,524	231,059	180,535
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	649,410	416,556	802,758	386,202
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,679,986	1,679,986	1,679,986	-
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,329,396	\$ 2,096,542	\$ 2,482,744	\$ 386,202

Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Notes to Required Supplementary Information May 31, 2024

# **Budgets and Budgetary Accounting**

An annual operating budget is prepared for the general fund by the District's consultants. The budget reflects resources expected to be received during the year and expenditures expected to be incurred. The Board of Directors is required to adopt the budget prior to the start of its fiscal year. The budget is not a spending limitation (a legally restricted appropriation). The original budget of the general fund was amended during fiscal year 2024.

The District prepares its annual operating budget on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund presents the original and revised budget amounts, if revised, compared to the actual amounts of revenues and expenditures for the current year.



# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Other Schedules Included Within This Report May 31, 2024

(Schedules included are checked or explanatory notes provided for omitted schedules.)

[X]	Notes Required by the Water District Accounting Manual See "Notes to Financial Statements," Pages 12-22
[X]	Schedule of Services
[X]	Schedule of General Fund Expenditures
[X]	Schedule of Temporary Investments
[X]	Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable
[X]	Schedule of Long-Term Debt Service Requirements by Years
[X]	Changes in Long-Term Bonded Debt
[X]	Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund and Debt Service Fund – Five Years
[X]	Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Schedule of Services Year Ended May 31, 2024

1.	Services provided by the District:		
	Retail Water Retail Wastewater X Parks/Recreation Solid Waste/Garbage	Wholesale Water Wholesale Wastewater Fire Protection Flood Control	X Drainage X Irrigation Security Roads
	Participates in joint venture, regional sy X Other Regional amenity/detention por		ner than emergency interconnect)

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Schedule of General Fund Expenditures Year Ended May 31, 2024

Personnel (including benefits)		\$ -
Professional Fees Auditing Legal Engineering Financial advisor	\$ 18,500 78,745 117,150	214,395
Purchased Services for Resale Bulk water and wastewater service purchases		9,669
Regional Water Fee		34,751
Contracted Services  Bookkeeping General manager Appraisal district Tax collector Security Other contracted services	74,949 - - - - -	74,949
Utilities		19,383
Repairs and Maintenance		608,039
Administrative Expenditures Directors' fees Office supplies Insurance Other administrative expenditures	20,490 4,779 8,826 43,534	77,629
Capital Outlay Capitalized assets Expenditures not capitalized	93,089 1,680	94,769
Tap Connection Expenditures		32,125
Solid Waste Disposal		-
Fire Fighting		-
Parks and Recreation		-
Other Expenditures		45,000
Total expenditures		\$ 1,210,709

	Interest Rate	Maturity Date	Face Amount	Accrued Interest Receivable
General Fund				•
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	\$ 2,513,094	\$ -
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	97,734	-
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	43,056	
			2,653,884	
Debt Service Fund				
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	4,428,438	
Capital Projects Fund				
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	378,212	-
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	131,482	-
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	362,100	-
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	51,684	-
Texas CLASS	5.43%	Demand	782,997	
			1,706,475	
Totals			\$ 8,788,797	\$ -

	Maintenance Taxes		Debt Service Taxes	
Receivable, Beginning of Year Additions and corrections to prior years' taxes	\$ 47,820 78,840	\$	78,803 128,068	
Adjusted receivable, beginning of year	 126,660		206,871	
2023 Original Tax Levy Additions and corrections	 1,313,814 126,165		3,313,095 318,156	
Adjusted tax levy	 1,439,979		3,631,251	
Total to be accounted for	1,566,639		3,838,122	
Tax collections: Current year Prior years	 (1,424,180) (120,527)		(3,591,410) (196,460)	
Receivable, end of year	\$ 21,932	\$	50,252	
Receivable, by Year 2023 2022 2021 2020	\$ 15,799 4,249 350 1,534	\$	39,841 6,904 657 2,850	
Receivable, end of year	\$ 21,932	\$	50,252	

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Analysis of Taxes Levied and Receivable Year Ended May 31, 2024

(Continued)

	2023	2022	2021	2020	
Property Valuations					
Land	\$ 274,892,535	\$ 245,678,138	\$ 192,197,562	\$ 117,748,168	
Improvements	1,138,856,466	801,047,096	447,124,016	205,646,946	
Personal property	10,277,865	7,023,416	2,823,627	1,973,668	
Exemptions	(171,871,228)	(127,917,903)	(99,160,164)	(93,175,555)	
Total property valuations	\$ 1,252,155,638	\$ 925,830,747	\$ 542,985,041	\$ 232,193,227	
Tax Rates per \$100 Valuation Debt service tax rates Maintenance tax rates*	\$ 0.2900 0.1150	\$ 0.2600 0.1600	\$ 0.3000 0.1600	\$ 0.3250 0.1750	
Total tax rates per \$100 valuation	\$ 0.4050	\$ 0.4200	\$ 0.4600	\$ 0.5000	
Tax Levy	\$ 5,071,230	\$ 3,888,489	\$ 2,497,731	\$ 1,160,966	
Percent of Taxes Collected to Taxes Levied**	99%	99%	99%	99%	

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum tax rate approved by voters: \$1.50 on November 5, 2013
\*\*Calculated as taxes collected for a tax year divided by taxes levied for that tax year.

		Series 2019						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31			Principal Due September 1		Interest Due March 1, September 1		Total	
2025		\$	340,000	\$	350,963	\$	690,963	
2026			355,000		342,313		697,313	
2027			375,000		335,013		710,013	
2028			390,000		327,362		717,362	
2029			410,000		319,362		729,362	
2030			430,000		310,693		740,693	
2031			450,000		301,062		751,062	
2032			470,000		290,125		760,125	
2033			490,000		276,900		766,900	
2034			515,000		261,825		776,825	
2035			540,000		246,000		786,000	
2036			565,000		229,425		794,425	
2037			595,000		212,025		807,025	
2038			620,000		193,800		813,800	
2039			650,000		174,750		824,750	
2040			680,000		154,800		834,800	
2041			715,000		133,875		848,875	
2042			745,000		111,975		856,975	
2043			780,000		89,100		869,100	
2044			820,000		65,100		885,100	
2045			860,000		39,900		899,900	
2046			900,000		13,500		913,500	
	Totals	\$	12,695,000	\$	4,779,868	\$	17,474,868	

		Series 2020					
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31		Principal Due September 1		Interest Due March 1, September 1			Total
2025		\$	325,000	\$	163,500	\$	488,500
2026			325,000		150,500		475,500
2027			325,000		140,750		465,750
2028			325,000		134,250		459,250
2029			325,000		127,750		452,750
2030			325,000		121,250		446,250
2031			325,000		114,750		439,750
2032			325,000		108,250		433,250
2033			325,000		101,750		426,750
2034			325,000		95,250		420,250
2035			325,000		88,750		413,750
2036			325,000		82,250		407,250
2037			325,000		75,750		400,750
2038			325,000		69,250		394,250
2039			325,000		62,750		387,750
2040			325,000		56,250		381,250
2041			325,000		49,547		374,547
2042			325,000		42,641		367,641
2043			330,000		35,269		365,269
2044			330,000		27,431		357,431
2045			330,000		19,594		349,594
2046			330,000		11,756		341,756
2047			330,000		3,918		333,918
	Totals	\$	7,500,000	\$	1,883,156	\$	9,383,156

				Se	ries 2021		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31		Principal Due September 1		March 1,			Total
2025		\$	160,000	\$	95,738	\$	255,738
2026			160,000	·	89,338	•	249,338
2027			160,000		82,938		242,938
2028			160,000		78,138		238,138
2029			160,000		74,938		234,938
2030			160,000		71,738		231,738
2031			160,000		68,538		228,538
2032			160,000		65,338		225,338
2033			160,000		62,138		222,138
2034			160,000		58,938		218,938
2035			165,000		55,584		220,584
2036			165,000		51,975		216,975
2037			165,000		48,262		213,262
2038			165,000		44,446		209,446
2039			165,000		40,528		205,528
2040			165,000		36,506		201,506
2041			165,000		32,381		197,381
2042			165,000		28,153		193,153
2043			165,000		23,821		188,821
2044			165,000		19,490		184,490
2045			165,000		15,159		180,159
2046			165,000		10,828		175,828
2047			165,000		6,496		171,496
2048			165,000		2,165		167,165
	Totals	\$	3,910,000	\$	1,163,574	\$	5,073,574

				Park	Series 2021A		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	_		Principal Due eptember 1	ı	erest Due March 1, ptember 1		Total
2025		\$	185,000	\$	107,206	\$	292,206
2026		·	185,000	•	100,731	•	285,731
2027			185,000		95,181		280,181
2028			185,000		90,556		275,556
2029			185,000		86,856		271,856
2030			185,000		83,156		268,156
2031			185,000		79,456		264,456
2032			185,000		75,756		260,756
2033			185,000		72,056		257,056
2034			185,000		68,356		253,356
2035			185,000		64,425		249,425
2036			185,000		60,147		245,147
2037			190,000		55,694		245,694
2038			190,000		51,063		241,063
2039			190,000		46,313		236,313
2040			190,000		41,563		231,563
2041			190,000		36,813		226,813
2042			190,000		32,063		222,063
2043			190,000		27,313		217,313
2044			190,000		22,444		212,444
2045			190,000		17,456		207,456
2046			190,000		12,469		202,469
2047			190,000		7,481		197,481
2048			190,000		2,494		192,494
	Totals	\$	4,500,000	\$	1,337,048	\$	5,837,048

			Se	eries 2022		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due September 1		Interest Due March 1, September 1		Total	
2025	\$	350,000	\$	379,338	\$	729,338
2026		350,000		361,838		711,838
2027		350,000		344,338		694,338
2028		350,000		326,837		676,837
2029		350,000		309,337		659,337
2030		350,000		293,587		643,587
2031		350,000		279,587		629,587
2032		350,000		265,587		615,587
2033		350,000		251,587		601,587
2034		350,000		237,587		587,587
2035		350,000		223,588		573,588
2036		350,000		209,369		559,369
2037		350,000		194,931		544,931
2038		350,000		180,275		530,275
2039		350,000		165,400		515,400
2040		350,000		150,525		500,525
2041		350,000		135,431		485,431
2042		350,000		120,119		470,119
2043		350,000		104,588		454,588
2044		350,000		88,838		438,838
2045		350,000		73,088		423,088
2046		350,000		57,119		407,119
2047		350,000		40,931		390,931
2048		355,000		24,628		379,628
2049		355,000		8,209		363,209
Totals	\$	8,760,000	\$	4,826,662	\$	13,586,662

			Park S	Series 2022A	
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31		Principal Due ptember 1	N	erest Due larch 1, otember 1	Total
2025		\$ 110,000	\$	122,850	\$ 232,850
2026		110,000		117,350	227,350
2027		110,000		111,850	221,850
2028		110,000		106,350	216,350
2029		110,000		100,850	210,850
2030		110,000		95,900	205,900
2031		110,000		91,500	201,500
2032		110,000		87,100	197,100
2033		115,000		82,600	197,600
2034		115,000		78,000	193,000
2035		110,000		73,500	183,500
2036		115,000		68,928	183,928
2037		115,000		64,184	179,184
2038		115,000		59,369	174,369
2039		115,000		54,482	169,482
2040		115,000		49,521	164,521
2041		115,000		44,491	159,491
2042		115,000		39,387	154,387
2043		115,000		34,213	149,213
2044		115,000		29,037	144,037
2045		115,000		23,863	138,863
2046		115,000		18,615	133,615
2047		115,000		13,297	128,297
2048		115,000		7,979	122,979
2049		 115,000		2,659	117,659
-	Γotals	\$ 2,830,000	\$	1,577,875	\$ 4,407,875

		Park Series 2023		
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	Principal Due September 1	Interest Due March 1, September 1	Total	
2025	\$ -	\$ 750,000	\$ 750,000	
2026	600,000	730,875	1,330,875	
2027	600,000	692,625	1,292,625	
2028	600,000	654,375	1,254,375	
2029	600,000	616,125	1,216,125	
2030	600,000	577,875	1,177,875	
2031	600,000	539,625	1,139,625	
2032	600,000	508,500	1,108,500	
2033	600,000	484,125	1,084,125	
2034	600,000	459,000	1,059,000	
2035	600,000	433,500	1,033,500	
2036	600,000	407,625	1,007,625	
2037	600,000	381,375	981,375	
2038	600,000	355,125	955,125	
2039	600,000	328,500	928,500	
2040	600,000	301,500	901,500	
2041	600,000	274,500	874,500	
2042	600,000	247,125	847,125	
2043	600,000	219,375	819,375	
2044	600,000	191,625	791,625	
2045	600,000	163,500	763,500	
2046	600,000	135,000	735,000	
2047	600,000	105,750	705,750	
2048	605,000	75,625	680,625	
2049	605,000	45,375	650,375	
2050	605,000	15,125	620,125	
Totals	\$ 15,015,000	\$ 9,693,750	\$ 24,708,750	

		Annual Requirements For All Series  Total Total Total						
Due During Fiscal Years Ending May 31	_		Total Principal Due		Interest Principal Due Interest		Total incipal and iterest Due	
2025		\$	1,470,000	\$	1,969,595	\$	3,439,595	
2026			2,085,000		1,892,945		3,977,945	
2027			2,105,000		1,802,695		3,907,695	
2028			2,120,000		1,717,868		3,837,868	
2029			2,140,000		1,635,218		3,775,218	
2030			2,160,000		1,554,199		3,714,199	
2031			2,180,000		1,474,518		3,654,518	
2032			2,200,000		1,400,656		3,600,656	
2033			2,225,000		1,331,156		3,556,156	
2034			2,250,000		1,258,956		3,508,956	
2035			2,275,000		1,185,347		3,460,347	
2036			2,305,000		1,109,719		3,414,719	
2037			2,340,000		1,032,221		3,372,221	
2038			2,365,000		953,328		3,318,328	
2039			2,395,000		872,723		3,267,723	
2040			2,425,000		790,665		3,215,665	
2041			2,460,000		707,038		3,167,038	
2042			2,490,000		621,463		3,111,463	
2043			2,530,000		533,679		3,063,679	
2044			2,570,000		443,965		3,013,965	
2045			2,610,000		352,560		2,962,560	
2046			2,650,000		259,287		2,909,287	
2047			1,750,000		177,873		1,927,873	
2048			1,430,000		112,891		1,542,891	
2049			1,075,000		56,243		1,131,243	
2050			605,000		15,125		620,125	
	Totals	\$	55,210,000	\$	25,261,933	\$	80,471,933	

				Bond
	Series 2019	Series 2020	Series 2021	Park Series 2021A
Interest rates	2.00% to 4.00%	2.00% to 4.00%	2.00% to 4.00%	2.00% to 4.00%
Dates interest payable	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1	March 1/ September 1
Maturity dates	September 1, 2024/2045	September 1, 2024/2046	September 1, 2024/2047	September 1, 2024/2047
Bonds outstanding, beginning of current year	\$ 13,020,000	\$ 7,825,000	\$ 4,070,000	\$ 4,685,000
Bonds sold during current year	-	-	-	-
Retirements, principal	325,000	325,000	160,000	185,000
Bonds outstanding, end of current year	rrent year <u>\$ 12,695,000</u> <u>\$ 7</u>		\$ 3,910,000	\$ 4,500,000
Interest paid during current year	\$ 361,750	\$ 176,500	\$ 102,138	\$ 114,606
Paying agent's name and address:				
Series 2019 - The Bank of New York Series 2021 - The Bank of New York Series 2021 - The Bank of New York Series 2022 - The Bank of New York Series 2022 - The Bank of New York Series 2023 - The Bank of New York	Mellon Trust Comp Mellon Trust Comp Mellon Trust Comp Mellon Trust Comp Mellon Trust Comp	any, N.A., Houston, Tany, N.A.	Texas Texas Fexas Fexas Fexas Fexas	
Bond authority:		Tax Bonds	Recreational Bonds	Refunding Bonds
Amount authorized by voters Amount issued Remaining to be issued		\$ 210,000,000 \$ 34,605,000 \$ 175,395,000	\$ 134,000,000 \$ 22,530,000 \$ 111,470,000	\$ 344,000,000 \$ - \$ 344,000,000
Debt service fund cash and temporary inve	estment balances as	of May 31, 2024		\$ 4,587,608

3,095,074

Average annual debt service payment (principal and interest) for remaining term of all debt:

### Issues

s	eries 2022	Park Series 2022A			Park Series 2023		Totals
4.0	0% to 5.00%	4.00% to 5.00%		4.000% to 6.375%			
S	March 1/ eptember 1	March 1/ September 1		March 1/ September 1			
	eptember 1, 2024/2048	September 1, 2024/2048			September 1, 2025/2049		
\$	8,760,000	\$	2,830,000	\$ -		\$	41,190,000
	-		-		15,015,000		15,015,000
	-		-				995,000
\$	8,760,000	\$	2,830,000	\$	15,015,000	\$	55,210,000
\$	388,088	\$	125,600	\$	208,333	\$	1,477,015

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – General Fund Five Years Ended May 31,

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
General Fund					
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 1,544,707	\$ 1,366,219	\$ 923,733	\$ 393,905	\$ 347,077
Penalty and interest	-	-	-	-	414
Tap connection and inspection fees	-	18,651	-	-	-
Sale of capacity	117,900	· •	-	-	-
Investment income	93,165	40,437	1,854	2,524	20,299
Other income	26,636	<u> </u>	283	<u> </u>	120,916
Total revenues	1,782,408	1,425,307	925,870	396,429	488,706
Expenditures					
Service operations:					
Purchased services	9,669	6,129	2,500	-	-
Regional water fee	34,751	-	-	-	-
Professional fees	214,395	174,275	150,305	150,249	160,387
Contracted services	74,949	54,652	24,868	25,950	27,771
Utilities	19,383	· •			-
Repairs and maintenance	608,039	582,824	509,024	300,265	40,032
Other expenditures	77,629	50,779	40,764	37,905	46,080
Tap connections	32,125	85,256	91,050	18,302	59,084
Capital outlay	94,769	3,392,626	4,211,721	1,450,427	666,587
Debt service, debt issuance costs	45,000	50,524	58,587	42,045	
Total expenditures	1,210,709	4,397,065	5,088,819	2,025,143	999,941
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	571,699	(2,971,758)	(4,162,949)	(1,628,714)	(511,235)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Interfund transfers in	50,524	58,587	42,045	33,271	_
Repayment of developer advances	-	(156,087)	, <u>-</u>	, <u>-</u>	-
Developer construction advances	180,535	1,936,210	4,303,290	156,087	2,728,735
Total other financing sources	231,059	1,838,710	4,345,335	189,358	2,728,735
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues and Other					
Financing Sources Over Expenditures					
and Other Financing Uses	802,758	(1,133,048)	182,386	(1,439,356)	2,217,500
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	1,679,986	2,813,034	2,630,648	4,070,004	1,852,504
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 2,482,744	\$ 1,679,986	\$ 2,813,034	\$ 2,630,648	\$ 4,070,004
Total Active Retail Water Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total Active Retail Wastewater Connections	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

2020	_	2021	_	2022	_	2023	_	2024
71.0	%	99.4	%	99.8	%	95.9	%	86.7
0.1	70	99.4	70	99.0	70	90.9	70	00.7
0.1		_				1.3		
_		_		_		1.5		6.6
4.2		0.6		0.2		2.8		5.2
24.7	_	-		0.0		-		1.5
100.0	_	100.0	_	100.0	_	100.0	_	100.0
-		-		0.3		0.4		0.5
-		-		-		-		2.0
32.8		37.9		16.2		12.2		12.0
5.7		6.5		2.7		3.8		4.2
-								1.1
8.2		75.7		55.0		40.9		34.1
9.4		9.6		4.4		3.6		4.4
12.1 136.4		4.6 365.9		9.8 454.9		6.0 238.0		1.8 5.3
130.4		10.6		6.3	. <u> </u>	3.6		2.5
204.6		510.8		549.6		308.5		67.9

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Comparative Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures – Debt Service Fund Five Years Ended May 31,

			Amounts		
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
Debt Service Fund					•
Revenues					
Property taxes	\$ 3,787,870	\$ 2,221,970	\$ 1,725,553	\$ 683,991	\$ -
Penalty and interest	43,571	22,922	27,354	8,199	-
Investment income	133,166	61,058	2,936	1,693	4,969
Other income	50,782		14_		
Total revenues	4,015,389	2,305,950	1,755,857	693,883	4,969
Expenditures					
Current:					
Professional fees	12,138	8,750	7,596	1,592	-
Contracted services	65,865	49,206	34,552	18,068	-
Other expenditures	18,078	16,480	14,727	9,790	-
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	995,000	635,000	295,000	-	-
Interest and fees	1,477,015	935,180	658,149	462,415	80,504
Total expenditures	2,568,096	1,644,616	1,010,024	491,865	80,504
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures	1,447,293	661,334	745,833	202,018	(75,535)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
General obligation bonds issued	375,000	-	223,644	196,000	783,275
Interfund transfers out	-			(33,271)	
Total other financing sources	375,000		223,644	162,729	783,275
Excess of Revenues and Other Financing Sources Over Expenditures and					
Other Financing Uses	1,822,293	661,334	969,477	364,747	707,740
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	2,703,298	2,041,964	1,072,487	707,740	
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 4,525,591	\$ 2,703,298	\$ 2,041,964	\$ 1,072,487	\$ 707,740

2020	_	2021	· <u>-</u>	2022	_	2023	_	2024
-	%	98.6	%	98.3	%	96.4	%	94.3
-		1.2		1.5		0.9		1.1
100.0		0.2		0.2		2.7		3.3
-		-	_	0.0		-		1.3
100.0	_	100.0	. <u>-</u>	100.0	_	100.0	_	100.0
-		0.2		0.4		0.4		0.3
-		2.6		2.0		2.1		1.6
-		1.4		8.0		0.7		0.5
-		_		16.8		27.5		24.8
1,620.1	_	66.7		37.5	_	40.6		36.8
1,620.1	_	70.9		57.5	_	71.3		64.0

### Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended May 31, 2024

Complete District mailing address: Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159

c/o Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P. 1300 Post Oak Boulevard, Suite 2400

Houston, Texas 77056

District business telephone number: 713.623.4531

Submission date of the most recent District Registration Form

(TWC Sections 36.054 and 49.054):

Limit on fees of office that a director may receive during a fiscal year:

May 20, 2024

7,200

\$

Board Members	Term of Office Elected & Expires	Fees*		Expense Reimbursements		Title at Year-End
William Cook	Elected 05/22- 05/26	\$	6,338	\$	770	President
Nicholas J. Russo	Elected 05/22- 05/26		5,083		576	Vice President
Krystal Helbig	Elected 05/24- 05/28		2,581		-	Secretary
Robin Goin	Elected 05/24- 05/28		3,244		2,195	Assistant Secretary
Laura Maham	Elected 05/24- 05/28		3,244		431	Assistant Secretary

<sup>\*</sup>Fees are the amounts actually paid to a director during the District's fiscal year.

# Harris County Water Control and Improvement District No. 159 Board Members, Key Personnel and Consultants Year Ended May 31, 2024

Consultants	Date Hired	Fees and Expense Reimburseme	nts Title
B&A Municipal Tax Services, LLC	09/12/14	\$ 43,55	Tax Assessor/ Collector
BGE, Inc.	10/29/08	318,26	8 Engineer
FORVIS, LLP	05/15/17	49,50	0 Auditor
Harris Central Appraisal District	Legislative Action	34,70	6 Appraiser
Inframark, LLC	07/17/17	168,24	2 Operator
Masterson Advisors LLC	04/16/18	252,58	Financial 5 Advisor
Municipal Accounts & Consulting, L.P.	02/26/13	86,87	7 Bookkeeper
Perdue, Brandon, Fielder, Collins & Mott, L.L.P.	01/26/16		Delinquent - Tax Attorney
Schwartz, Page & Harding, L.L.P.	10/29/08	106,68 360,46	
Investment Officers			
Mark M. Burton and Ghia Lewis	02/26/13	N//	A Bookkeepers